Instructions and Safety Info For Clinics and Physicians
Administering Allergy Injections

1. Pre Injection Health Screen:

   a. Any increase in asthma or Allergy symptoms in the past week? No Yes
   b. Any current acute illness with fever? No Yes
   c. Any hives, generalized itching, increase in asthma or allergy symptoms or large local reaction within 12 hours of receiving the last allergy injection? No Yes
   d. Is patient on new medications esp. beta blocker or ACE Inhibitor? No Yes
   e. Is the patient pregnant I if applicable)? No Yes

   If the answer to any of the above questions is yes, patient needs evaluation by physician before allergy injection is given.

2. Injection Technique:

   Before you give the injection double check and match the patient and bottle identities.

   Technique: Use 1 ml allergy syringe, 27 or higher gauge, 1/2 or 3/8 inch needle. Double check dose and carefully withdraw correct amount. Preferred site for allergy injection is posterior aspect of middle third of upper arm in the groove between the triceps and the deltoid muscles. Clean skin area with alcohol swab. Let the alcohol evaporate. Inject subcutaneously. Gently draw the plunger back before injecting. If blood appears, withdraw needle and select a new site. Inject slowly, withdraw needle and apply gentle pressure with alcohol swab to stop bleeding. Do not massage area. Do not cover with a band-aid because you want to see the reaction.

3. After the Injection:

   All patients must wait in the office for 30 minutes after the injection. Do not give allergy injection unless equipment and personnel to treat anaphylaxis are present in the office.

   Local reactions: Redness and swelling (hive) up to 2 inch diameter is acceptable. Larger reactions need longer observation in the office and dosage adjustment for subsequent injections. For 2-3 inch reactions, or reactions lasting more than 12
hours after the injection, decrease dose to where the reaction was 1 inch or less and build up again. For reactions larger than 3 inches, or any systemic symptoms, consult the doctor before giving the next dose.

**Systemic reactions:** can occur despite all above measures designed to reduce the risk. Fortunately, most (but not all) occur within the first 20 minutes, hence the 30-minute waiting period. Symptoms include general flushing, itching, hives, itchy eyes, nose or throat, runny nose, sneezing, nasal congestion, tightness in the throat, cough, wheezing, chest tightness, asthma symptoms, faintness, and lightheadedness. Mild symptoms **may rapidly progress to acute asthma and hypotension.** Do not wait for serious symptoms to develop. **Early administration of Epinephrine** (1:1000) injected intramuscularly into lateral thigh (dose: adult 0.3 ml, child 0.01 ml per kg) is the treatment of choice. An additional half of the above dose may be given subcutaneously at the site of allergy injection to reduce absorption. 911 must be activated simultaneously. Patient must be lying down with feet raised 12 inches or more. Diphenhydramine I.M. (50 mg) for adults, 25 mg for children, should be given. Oxygen administration, maintenance of airway, establishing IV access, treatment of hypotension, and CPR may be necessary until the 911 response team arrives. Epinephrine dose may be repeated after a few minutes if the symptoms are progressive or uncontrolled.

If a patient misses an allergy injection or comes in late, dose adjustment is necessary. This depends on the periodicity of their injection schedule. Thus, if they are overdue by one "period" (which would be equal to 1/2 week for those on twice a week schedule, one week for those on weekly schedule and two weeks on those on every two week schedule) the last dose should be repeated. If they are overdue by two "periods", step the dose back by one step. For each additional "period" they are overdue, step back an additional step on the dosage schedule. If there are any questions please consult the physician.

**Advise** the patient to **avoid exercise** at least half an hour before and for two hours after allergy injection. This decreases the risk of exercise-induced anaphylaxis.

**Refrigerate** vaccine. Do not freeze. If frozen, exposed to extreme heat or the fluid appears cloudy, do not administer. Please notify office for replacement.

The vaccine should be **replaced after expiration date.**

If you have any questions on this or any other aspect of your patients' allergy care please call us at the Asthma & Allergy Center at **(304) 343-4300** and ask to speak to the physician.